Eighth Meeting of the Climate Risk and Early Warning Systems Initiative (CREWS) Steering Committee

Provisional Agenda | 10 May 2019

Venue: WMO, Geneva, Switzerland, with videoconferencing facility.

Friday 10 May 2019, from 1.00 pm to 4.30 pm

1.00 – 1.20  Item 1 – Opening
- Welcome by the Chair and objectives of the Meeting
- Review of Decisions taken at the 7th Meeting
- Adoption of the Agenda

1.20– 1.45  Item 2 – Status of CREWS
- Activity report by the CREWS Secretariat
- Report by the Trustee on status of the CREWS Financial Intermediary Fund (FIF)
- Presentation of proposed simplified and harmonized CREWS Secretariat staff appointment modalities

1.45 – 2.15  Item 3 – Portfolio status
- Overview and analysis of the status of the portfolio of CREWS projects

2.15 – 3.30  Item 4 – Country project decisions
- Presentation of the CREWS Project Proposals for Afghanistan, Chad and Togo
- Modifications to the existing list of CREWS pipeline countries
- Proposed countries with whom projects proposals are to be initiated in FY 2020

3.30 – 3.50  Item 5 – Coherence and Advocacy
- Positioning CREWS with regard to global initiatives of relevance
- Identification of upcoming opportunities for promoting CREWS

3.50– 4.30  Item 6 – Wrap-up
- Objectives and dates for the 9th Meetings
- Steering Committee Chair for 2020
- Approval by the Steering Committee of the Decisions taken at the meeting
- Any other business
The objective of the CREWS initiative is to significantly increase the capacity to generate and communicate effective impact-based, multi-hazard, gender-informed, early warnings and risk information to protect lives, livelihoods, and assets in Least Developed Countries (LDCs) and small island developing States (SIDS).

**CREWS Contributing Members**

Australia, France, Germany, Luxembourg (Chair), Netherlands, Switzerland

**CREWS Observers**

Canada, Finland, Japan, Mexico, New Zealand, Norway, USAID, ACP

**CREWS Implementing Partners**

[Logos of implementing partners including World Meteorological Organization, World Bank Group, GFDRR, and UN Office for Disaster Risk Reduction]